YIELD VARIATION COMPOSITE CATHODE MATERIAL FOR NI-P

Minodora Maria PASĂRE¹, Nicoleta - Maria MIHUȚ¹, Alin NIOAȚĂ¹, Cătălina IANĂŞI¹ University CONSTANTIN BRÂNCUŞI of Târgu Jiu

e-mail: minodora pasare@yahoo.com

Keywords: composite Ni-P, codeposition, yield, H₃PO₃ concentration, the phosphorus content.

Abstract: Getting a layered composite Ni-P is a very complex process and depends on factors such as: H_3PO_3 concentration, current density, solution pH, temperature work. Thus, Lashmore propose a codeposition Ni-P scheme. Note first that without H_3PO_3 in electrolyte, the yield is lower. Evolution of yields depending on the phosphorus content is a linear variation, there is a relationship of proportionality between the two sizes.

Decrease in yield H₃PO₃ increase is due to the fact that an important part of H₃PO₃ come in reaction with hydrogen atoms forming informal phosphins PH₃ (3).

Phosphins PH₃ result come in response to the atoms of Ni existing reaction (1) and determine the nickel and phosphorus to be deposited (reaction 4). So the variation in the yield of H₃PO₃ can be attributed to the formation of the first phosphins, then action with nickel atoms in such a determining existential reaction of co-deposition of Ni and P.

How variation H₃PO₃ determine the variation of phosphorus included in the layer; Figure 2 shows faradic yield variation depending on the content of phosphorus layer.

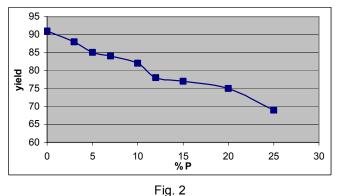


Figure 2 shows that the evolution of efficiency depending on the content of phosphorus is a linear variation, existing a relationship of proportionality between the 2 sizes.

REFERENCES

- [1] Lashmore, D.S., Pratt, K.W., (1985), Journal Electrochem. Soc., 140, pag.156-158.
- [2] Aslanyan, I.R., Bonino, J-P, Celis J., (2004), Effect of reinforcing submicron SiC particles on the wear of électrolytic NiP coatings. Part 1: uni-directional sliding, Surface and Coatings Technology.
- [3] Pasăre M., (2002), *Determination de la durete de depots NiP charges de particules SiC*, Rapport de Stage, Ecole Nationale d'Ingenieurs de Tarbes.
- [4] Vaillant, S., (2001), These l'Institut National Polytechnique, Toulouse, pag. 59-61